

IACAPAP 2016: Addressing Youth Depression in Africa

September 2016 Dr. Stan Kutcher





Grand Challenges Canada™ Grands Défis Canada™

Conflicts of Interest

None to declare

Learning Objectives

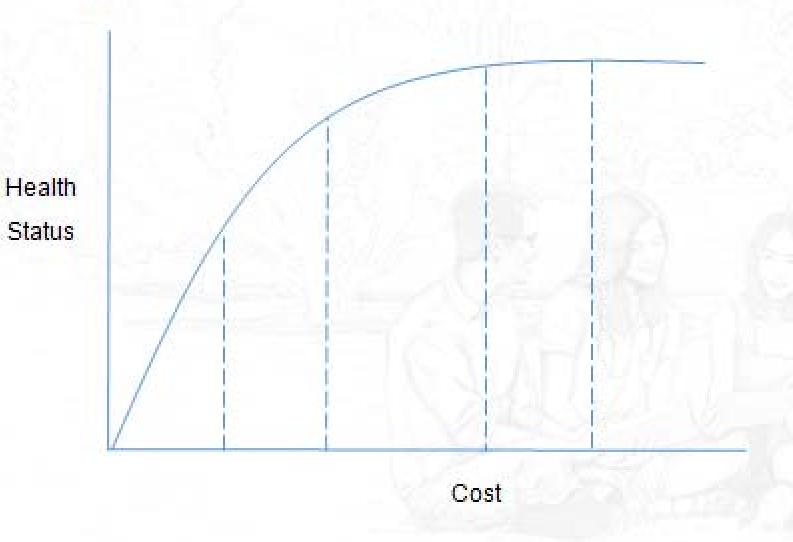
- 1) Learn about the "Pathway Through Care" model as a means of meeting youth mental health care needs
- 2) Learn about how the "Pathway Through Care" model was applied as an innovative intervention in sub-Saharan Africa using: community radio broadcasts; school based mental health literacy interventions; training of community health care providers to address youth Depression
- 3) Learn about the outcomes of this innovative intervention in each of the components applied

PRIMARY INVESTMENT IN GLOBAL MENTAL HEALTH MUST BE IN YOUNG PEOPLE

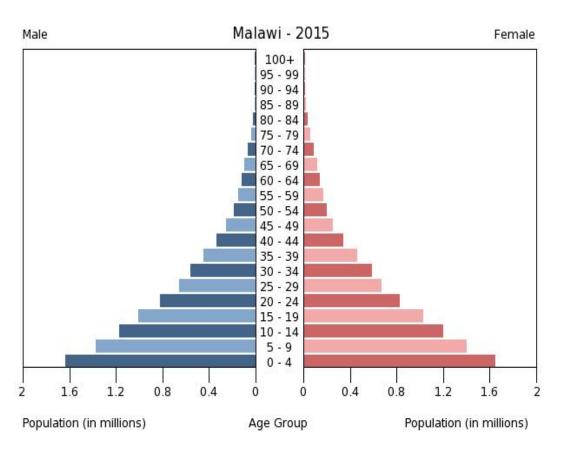
- 70% mental disorders can be diagnosed prior to age 25
- Most are high volume/low intensity disorders of mild to moderate severity and thus respond well to treatment in PRIMARY CARE
- Effective interventions are available for scale-out that can be relatively easily applied, are inexpensive and strengthen systems of care
- When widely applied they can be expected to bring a substantial
 ROI both at point of impact but extended over the life span
- Pay a POPULATION DIVIDEND: decrease early mortality; increase labour force participation; improve productivity

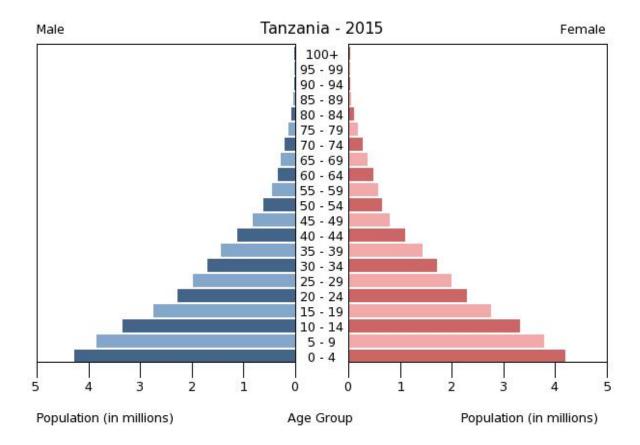
POPULATION HEALTH STATUS x INVESTMENT

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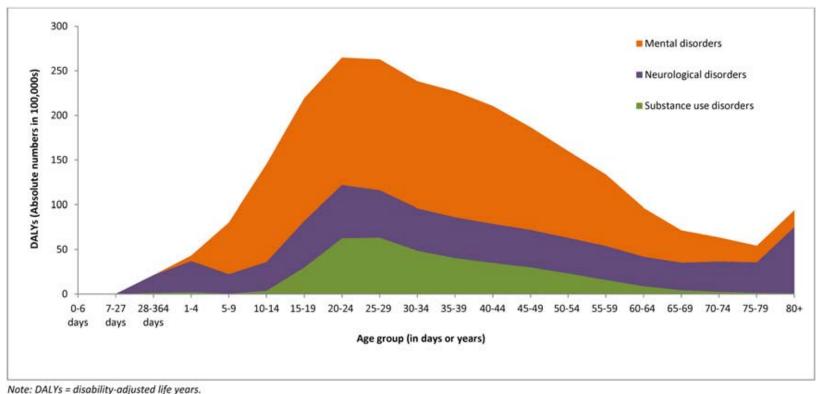








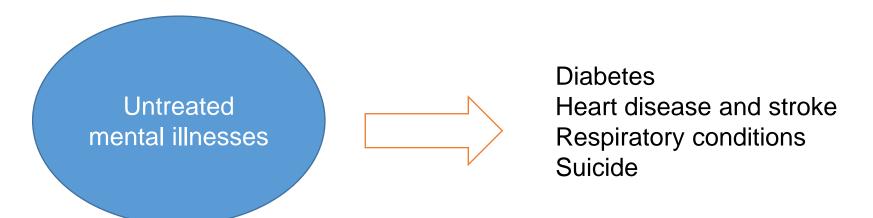
ABSOLUTE DALYS ATTRIBUTED TO MENTAL, NEUROLOGICAL & SUBSTANCE USE DISORDERS, BY AGE, 2010







MENTAL ILLNESSES, PHYSICAL ILLNESSES AND SUICIDE



Untreated mental illnesses are strong independent predictors of reduced life expectancy due to associated medical conditions, such as diabetes, heart diseases and stroke, respiratory conditions, and suicide.

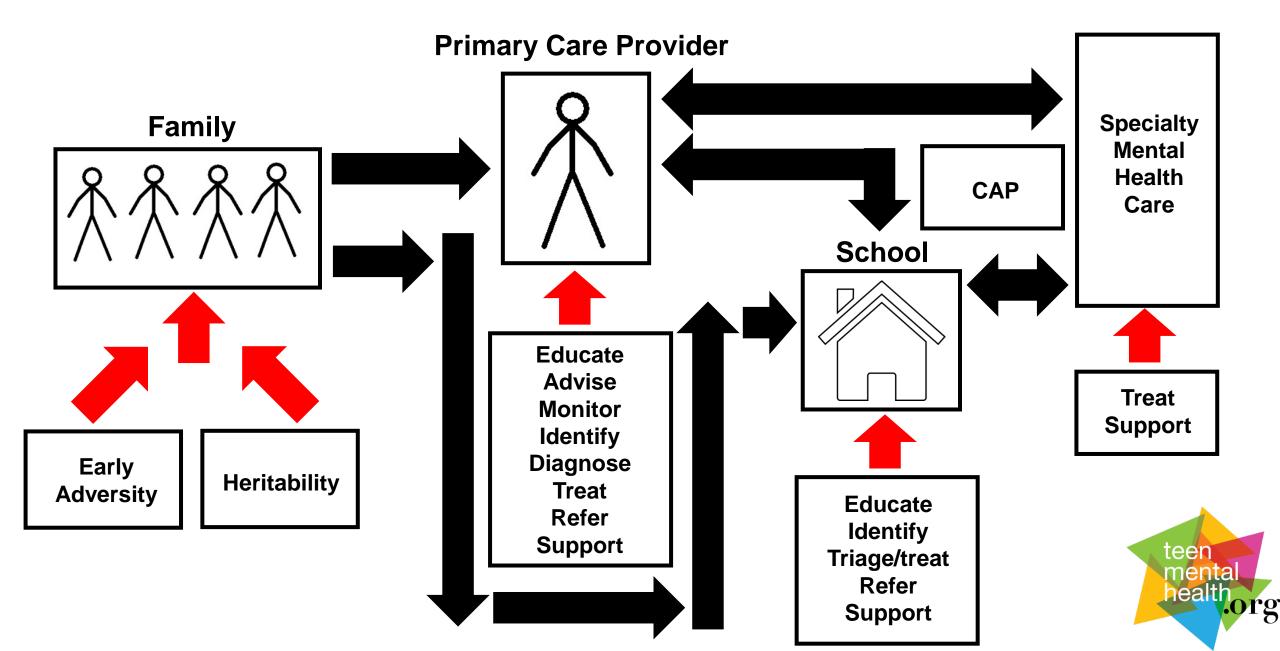


INNOVATION FOR EQUITY: FOCUS ON YOUNG PEOPLE

- 1) Horizontally integrated pathway to youth mental health care Depression as prototype
- 2) System enhancing, sustainable, inexpensive, youth focused potential short and long-term positive outcomes (ROI): MH POLICY; PRE-SERVICE TRAINING INSTITUTIONS
- 3) All comer's model reach young people where they are: communities; schools
- 4) Multi-step journey: **awareness-mental health literacy** (knowledge, stigma, help-seeking efficacy/self-care)-**identification** (self; peer; teacher),**rapid access to effective care** (primary care/community based)
- 5) Mental health CARE not mental health SERVICES embed competencies in all providers
- 6) Primarily directed to address high volume, low intensity mental disorders
- 7) Malawi and Tanzania Grand Challenges Funded: An integrated approach to addressing the challenge of Depression among youth in Malawi, **replicated** in Tanzania



HORIZONTALLY INTEGRATED PATHWAY TO MENTAL HEALTH CARE







Mental Health Care for Youth

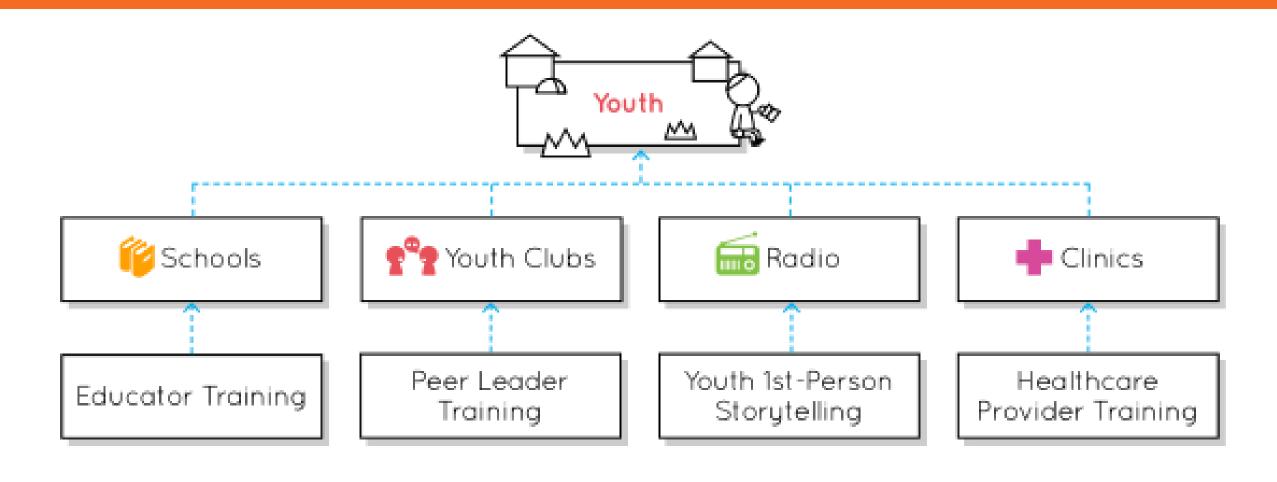
Schools

Radio

Clinics



DEPRESSION will soon be the No.1 burden of disease in the world for young people

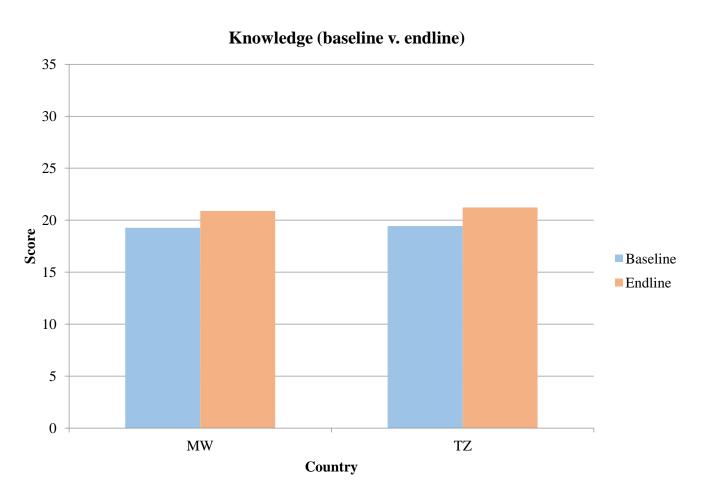


RADIO PROGRAM LISTENING CLUBS





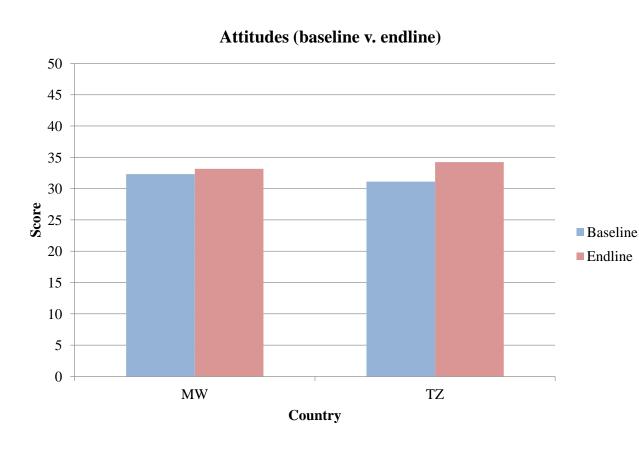
YOUTH KNOWLEDGE



• Significant difference for knowledge scores between baseline and endline radio listening assessments for both Malawi (t(1600.045 = 9.426, p < .001)) and Tanzania (t(1411) = 8.236, p < .001) among youth populations.



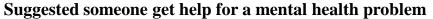
YOUTH ATTITUDES

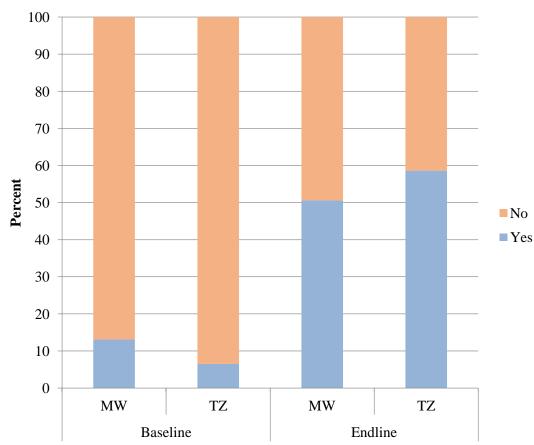


Significant difference for attitude scores between baseline and endline assessments for radio listening in both Malawi (t(1495.659) = 3.499, p < .001) and Tanzania (t(954.618) = 8.606, p < .001) among youth
Baseline populations.



RADIO PROGRAM HELP-SEEKING

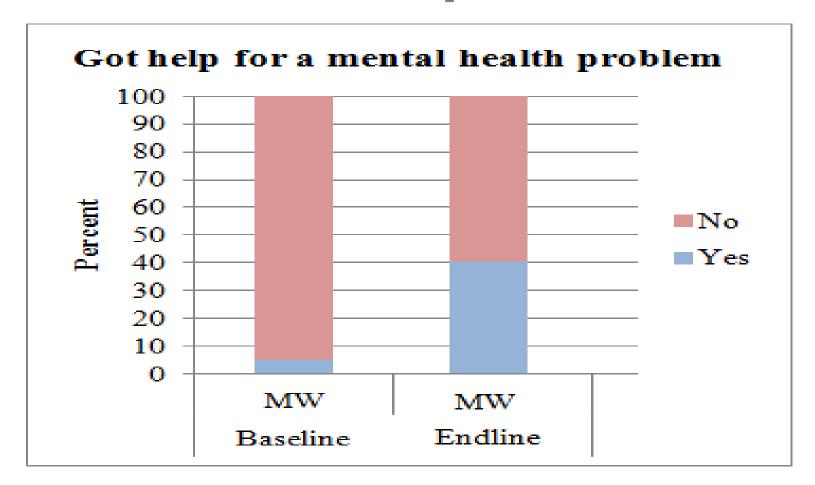




Significant improvements (p<0.001) in youth advisiong other youth in help seeking for mental health needs as a result of radio program exposure.



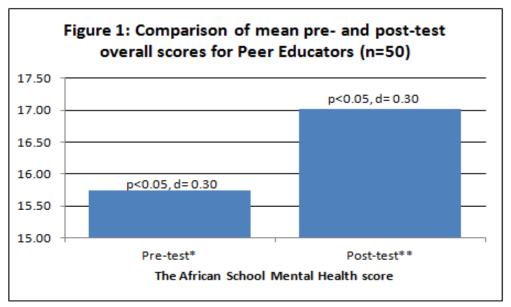
RADIO PROGRAM HELP-SEEKING – self: ML (p<0.001)



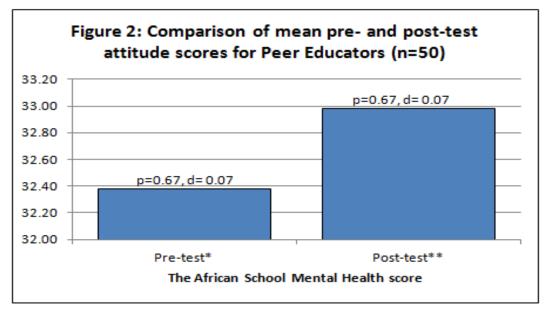


MALAWI PEER EDUCATORS

 Significant improvements to knowledge; non-significant improvement in attitudes



^{*}Pre-test: N=50, Mean=15.74, Standard deviation = 4.89, p<0.05, Cohen's d = 0.30.



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^{**}Post-test: N=50, Mean=17.02; Standard deviation=3.52, p<0.05, Cohen's d=0.30.

^{*}Pre-test: N=50, Mean=32.38, Standard deviation = 8.10, p=0.67, Cohen's d = 0.07.

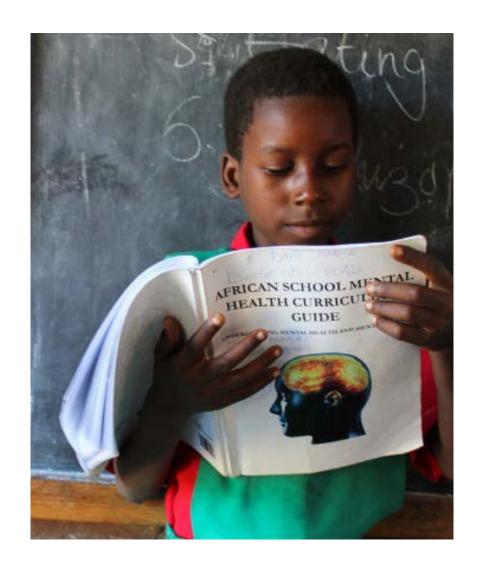
^{**}Post-test: N=50, Mean=32.98; Standard deviation=10.31, p=0.67, Cohen's d=0.07.

MENTAL HEALTH ON AIR





SCHOOL-BASED MHL

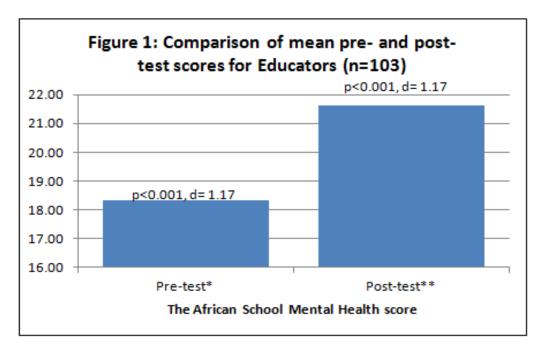


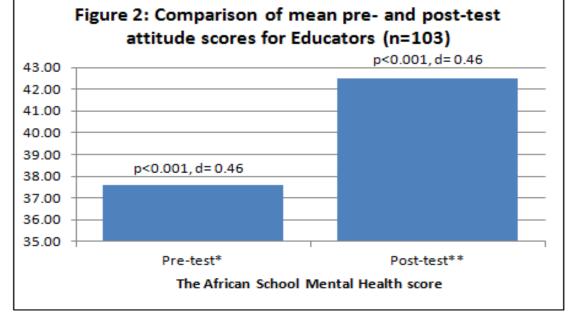




MALAWI EDUCATORS

Significant improvement in MH knowledge and attitudes (decreased stigma)





^{**}Post-test: N=103, Mean=42.50; Standard deviation=10.04, p<0.001, Cohen's d=0.46.



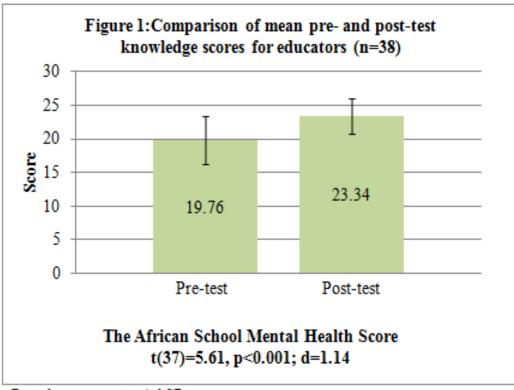
^{*}Pre-test: N=103, Mean=18.32, Standard deviation=3.67, p<0.001, Cohen's d=1.17.

^{**}Post-test: N=103, Mean=21.62; Standard deviation=1.17, p<0.001, Cohen's d=1.17.

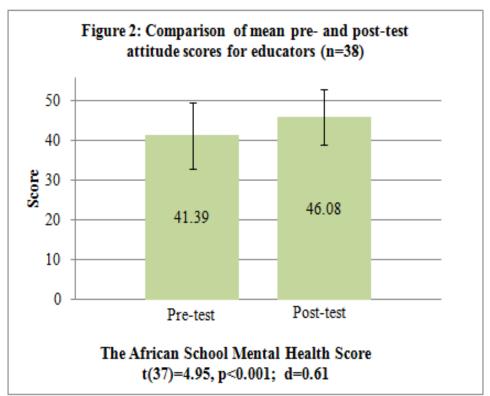
^{*}Pre-test: N=103, Mean=37.59, Standard deviation=11.18, p<0.001, Cohen's d=046.

TANZANIA EDUCATORS

Significant Improvements in MH knowledge and attitudes (decreased stigma)



Error bars represent +/- 1 SD.

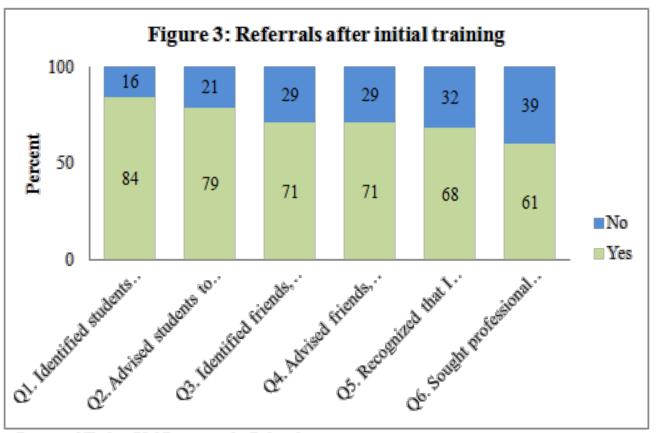


Error bars represent +/- 1 SD.



TANZANIA EDUCATORS

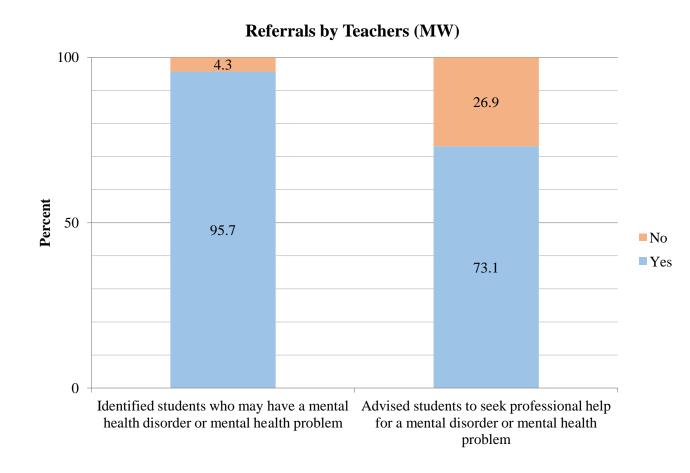
Improvements in identification and/or advising students, friends, peers, or family members to seek professional help for a mental health problem or sought professional help themselves



Percent of 'Yes' to 'No' Responses for Referrals



STUDENTS REFERRED BY TEACHERS

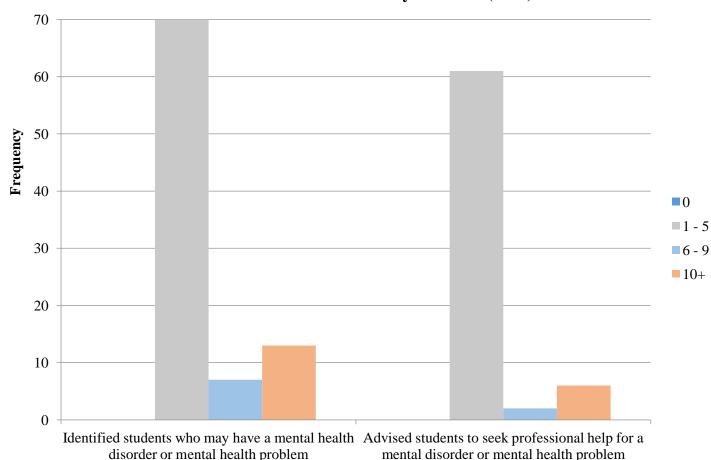


- 95% of teachers reported that they had identified students who had a mental disorder or mental health problem
- •The number of students identified for mental health care totaled over 500 from <30 schools
- 73% of teachers reported that they advised students to seek professional help for a mental disorder or mental health problem.

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NUMBERS OF STUDENTS REFERRED BY TEACHERS (ML)

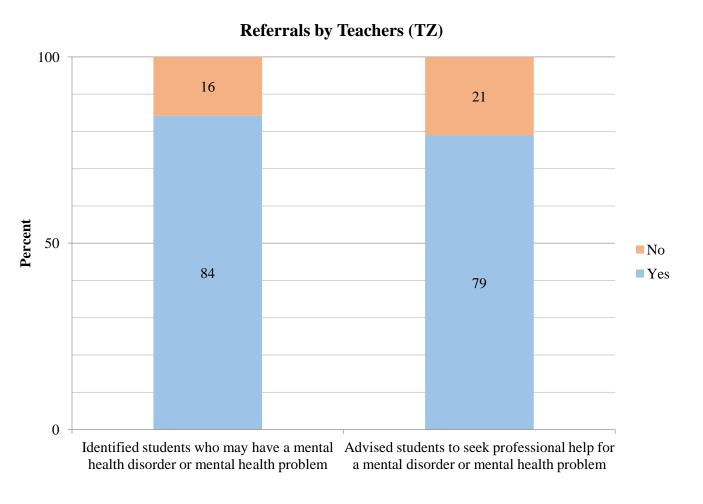
Amount of Referrals Made by Teachers (MW)



•The number of students teachers advised to seek help for a mental health problem totaled over 375 with most teachers reporting between 1 and 5 students were so advised



STUDENTS REFERRED BY TEACHERS

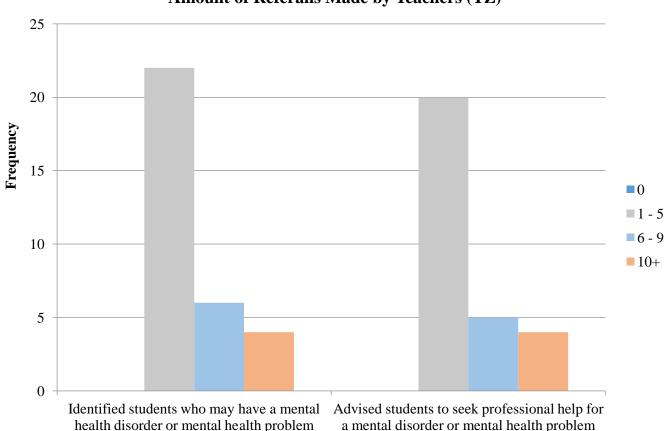


- 84% of teachers reported that they had identified students who had a mental disorder or mental health problem
- •The number of students teachers identified for mental health care totaled over 200 from <20 schools
- 79% of teachers reported that they advised students to seek professional help for a mental disorder or mental health problem

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NUMBERS OF STUDENTS REFERRED BY TEACHERS (TZ)

Amount of Referalls Made by Teachers (TZ)



•Number of students teachers advised to seek help for a mental health problem totaled over 200 with most teachers identifying between 1 and 5 students.



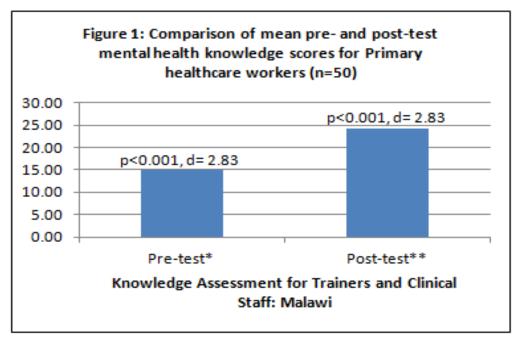
ENHANCING COMMUNITY CLINICAL CARE

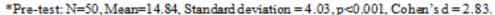




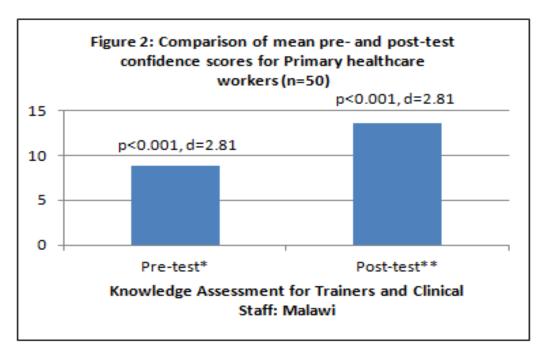
MALAWI HEALTHCARE WORKERS

Significant improvements in MH knowledge and self-reported competency





^{**}Post-test: N=50, Mean=24.14; Standard deviation=2.54, p<0.001, Cohen's d=2.83.



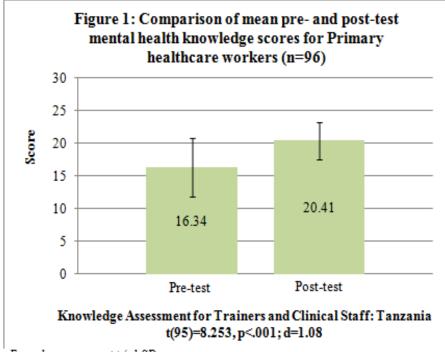
^{*}Pre-test: N=50, Mean=8.89, Standard deviation = 2.81, p<0.001, Cohen's d = 2.81.

^{**}Post-test: N=50, Mean=13.64; Standard deviation=1.59, p<0.001, Cohen's d = 2.81.

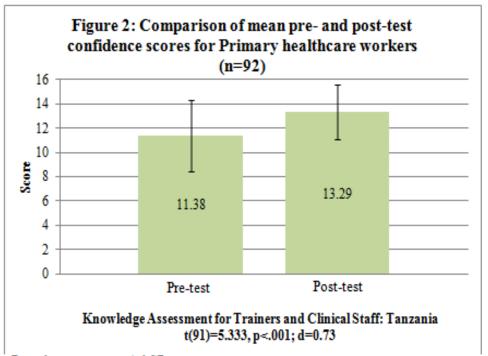


TANZANIA HEALTH CARE WORKERS

Significant improvement in MH knowledge and self-reported competency



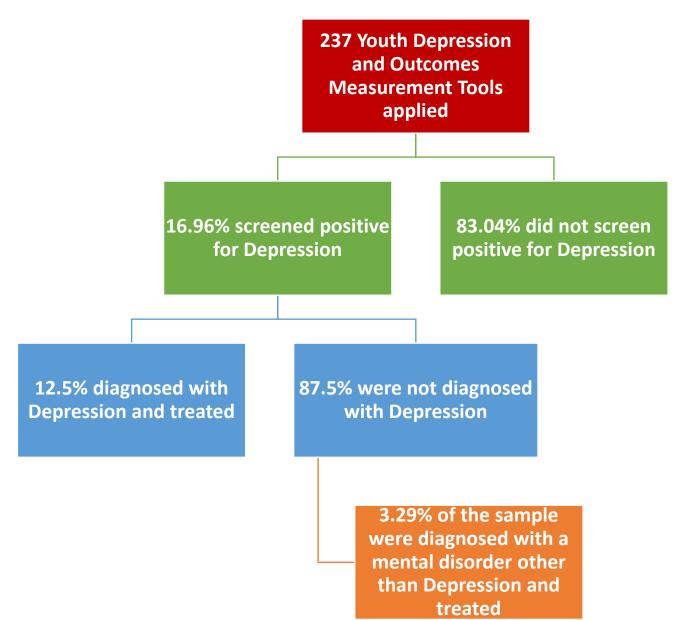
Error bars represent +/- 1 SD.



Error bars represent +/- 1 SD.



Youth who visited clinics in Tanzania





Youth Depression in Malawi & Tanzania (Results to Date)



"Master Facilitators" gain expertise in adolescent mental health training program delivery.



Health workers develop competencies as adolescent mental health trainers.



Primary health providers able to identify and treat adolescent Depression in primary care settings.



Teachers demonstrate improved knowledge and attitudes as a result of mental health curriculum training.



Radio stations air more than 200 hours of radio programming, reaching an estimated 500,000 youth.



Youth participate in the radio program through mobile phones.



Youth are treated for Depression with medication or effective helping.



Youth talk to teachers about their mental health concerns or that of a friend or family member.



Youth reached in their schools with information about mental health from their teachers.

ADDRESSING KEY CONSIDERATIONS NOW

- 1) Radio programs self-sustaining: corporate/public/donor
- 2) Master trainers groups maintained leadership/activity
- 3) MOH engaged MH policy development input (project embedding)
- 4) Updating of Youth Depression training program
- 5) Enhancement and first cut assessment of EFFECTIVE HELPING
- 6) More clinical outcomes data Hub and Spoke Clinic and Schools
- 7) Embedding youth Depression training into pre-service NURSING training curriculum (case controlled trial in each country)
- 8) READY FOR SCALE-OUT NEXT SET OF FRUSTRATIONS: COLLABORATORS WELCOME







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